Paper Title

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Abstract. Real-time variable choice of precision spraying operations in fields benefits from the constant acquisition of crop morphology. Costly LiDAR and ultrasonic radar can't maximize their high precision. They may slow down decision speed because the current spraying amount control needs to include more information about branches and leaves, which highly relies on the statistical features of regional morphology.
This study aims to develop a single-camera acquisition system and propose an algorithm based on Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) to identify different growth stages of cotton plants.

Keywords: Metabolic illness · Neural Network Models · Foot Ulcer Classification

1 Introduction

Please note that the first paragraph of a section or subsection is not indented. Subsequent paragraphs, however, are indented.

1.1 A Subsection Sample

Sample Heading (Third Level). Only two levels of headings should be numbered. Lower level headings remain unnumbered.

Sample Heading (Fourth Level) The contribution should contain no more than four levels of headings.

Table 1. Table captions should be placed above the tables.

Heading level	Example	Font size and style
Title (centered)	Lecture Notes	14 pt, bold
1st-level heading	1 Introduction	12 pt, bold
2nd-level heading	2.1 Printing Area	10 pt, bold
3rd-level heading	Run-in Heading in Bold	10 pt, bold
4th-level heading	Lowest Level Heading	10 pt, italic

Displayed equations are centered:

$$x + y = z \tag{1}$$

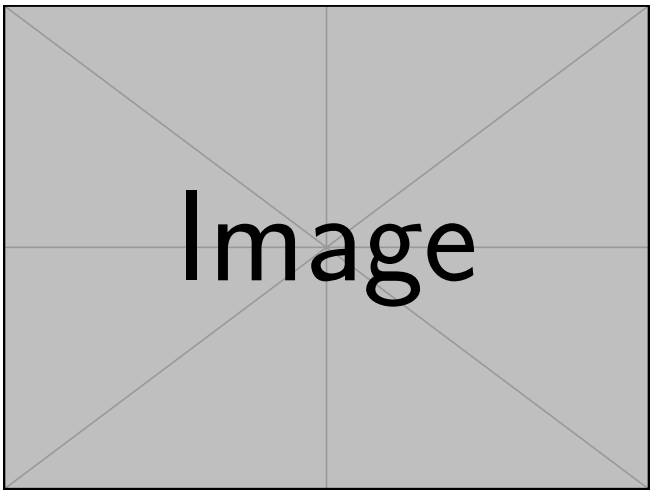

Fig. 1. A figure caption is always placed below the illustration.

References

1. Author, F.: Article title. Journal 2(5), 99–110 (2016)
2. Author, F., Author, S.: Title of a proceedings paper. In: Editor, F., Editor, S. (eds.) LNCS, vol. 9999, pp. 1–13. Springer (2016)
3. Author, F., Author, S.: Book title. Publisher (1999)
4. Author, F.: Contribution title. In: Proceedings, pp. 1–2 (2010)
5. LNCS Homepage, http://www.springer.com/lncs